

THE
BARONETAGE
OF
ENGLAND,
OR THE
HISTORY
OF THE
ENGLISH BARONETS,
AND SUCH
BARONETS OF SCOTLAND,
AS ARE OF ENGLISH FAMILIES;
WITH
GENEALOGICAL TABLES,
AND ENGRAVINGS OF THEIR
ARMORIAL BEARINGS;

COLLECTED FROM THE PRESENT BARONETAGES—APPROVED HISTORIANS—PUBLIC RECORDS—
AUTHENTIC MANUSCRIPTS—WELL ATTESTED PEDIGREES—AND PERSONAL INFORMATION.

BY THE REV. WILLIAM BETHAM,

EDITOR OF THE GENEALOGICAL TABLES OF THE SOVEREIGNS OF THE WORLD.

It is hardly necessary to observe, that Genealogy is so intimately connected with Historical Knowledge, that it is impossible to arrive at any proficiency in the one, without being minutely versed in the other.

RICHARDSON, on the Languages, &c. of the Eastern Nations, p. 74.

VOL. I.

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1801.

Rev. Daniel Tomlinson. He died in Dublin, March 23, 1721, without issue, and was succeeded by his cousin,

V. Sir YELVERTON PEYTON, Bart. eldest son of Charles Peyton of Grimston, in Norfolk, Esq. who was the third son of Thomas Peyton of Rougham, Esq. only son of Sir Edward Peyton, Bart. by his second marriage, before mentioned. He married Flora, daughter of Sir Philip Tracy, but died without issue, and was succeeded by his nephew,

VI. Sir JOHN PEYTON, Bart. who died 1772, without issue, and was succeeded by his half brother;

VII. Sir YELVERTON PEYTON, the present baronet, who, March 19, 1773, married — widow of Felix Calvert, Esq.

ARMS—Sable, a cross engrailed, or.

CREST—On a wreath, a griffin sejant, or.

MOTTO—*Patior potior.*

4. CLIFTON of CLIFTON, NOTTINGHAMSHIRE.

Created Baronet May 22, 1611.

THIS family took their surname from Clifton, a ville about two miles from Nottingham; which, in its Saxon etymon, signifies a ville upon a rock, or shelving ground, as Sir W. Dugdale observes, "here the Cliftons have a noble seat, from which, ascending by many steps, we rest upon the top on a fair bowling-green, that affords a most pleasant prospect, overlooking the Trent, the town of Nottingham, the vale of Belvoir, and part of the forest of Sherwood."

They derive themselves from Alveredus de Clifton, a knight, said to be living in the time of William Peverell, the conqueror's bastard; and for proof of this, Alveredus, and two others of his lineal posterity is cited in an authority amongst the collections of Mr. St. Lo. Kniveton, wherein it is said, Alveredus was warden of Nottingham-Castle in the time of William Peverell; and in which office he was succeeded by his son and grandson, Robert and Gervase.*

* Thoroton, in his Antiquities of Nottinghamshire, treating of Clifton, says, "This worthy family therefore, which held lands here, and had their name from their residence at this place, and sometimes at Wilford, must not, till this time (9 Edw. I.) pretend to be lords of it, notwithstanding the received tradition and old parchment-writing, importing that Sir Alvered de Clifton, Knt. was lord of the manor

It is believed however, that his son and grandson were both named Gervase, for 20 Henry III. there was a fine levied between Gervase de Clifton (supposed to be the son) and Hugh de Bel, concerning two oxgangs of land in Wilford. Anno 52 Henry III. Gervase, son of Gervase de Clifton (the grandson) gives one mark for a writ in the county of Nottinghamshire.

3. GERVASE de CLIFTON, I find mentioned in the time of Henry II. had a daughter Cicely, the wife of Roger de Cressi, and a son,

4. Sir GERVASE, who married the daughter of Robert de Alvedeleg, and was succeeded by his son,

5. Sir GERVASE, who must be accounted a principal advancer of this family; for he purchased the manor of Clifton and Wilford, and the manor of Broughton Sulney, of John de Soleni. He was constituted high sheriff of the counties of Nottingham and Derby in 1279, and continued for seven years; and in 1286 he was appointed high sheriff of Yorkshire, and continued for six years. In his shirvalty of the 18th year, upon complaint of John de Carleton, he was committed to goal, for making a false return of a writ. In the 20th of Edw. I. a mandate was issued out to the sheriff of Nottingham and Derby, that he should attach the said Gervase, to compel him to give his accounts for the time wherein he was sheriff of Yorkshire, at a certain time appointed; at which day he came, and accounted accordingly; and the same year had allowance for several sums of money, which in the 19th, while he was sheriff of Yorkshire, he had expended by the king's command. Robert de Tiptot, the constable, 12 Edw. I. demised Nottingham-Castle, with the apurtenances, to him, for 68*l.* per ann. which, if there were no other reason, might occasion the story of the guardianship.* He married Amficia, the daughter of Sir William Sampson of Eperston, in Nottinghamshire, and died in 1324. His son,

6. GERVASE, who was sometimes called of Glapton, where he lived, died before his father, in 1316, having married Alice, daughter and co-heir of Robert, son of Gervase de Rabacy. His son,

7. Sir ROBERT de CLIFTON, 1324, was found heir to his grandfather, and above 26 years of age: he married Emma, daughter of Sir William Moton, by whom he had a son,

8. Sir GERVASE, who was high sheriff of the counties of Nottingham and Derby, in 1344; and the next year escheator of the same counties. We meet with no account of his death; nor is any thing to be found concerning him after the year 1388.† His son,

9. ROBERT very probably died before his father, as no account of him after is any where mentioned. It is supposed that Isabel, the first wife of this Robert de

of Wilford, and guardian of the castle at Nottingham in the time of William Peverell, and his son Sir Robert de Clifton, after him in like manner. There is no manor of Wilford in Domesday-book, and King William, or William Peverell, built the castle of Nottingham himself, and dwelt in it, and his son after him; yet tis not unlike but that they might have some considerable trust or employment under the Peverells." *Thoreton's Nott.* p. 52.

* *Thoreton's Nott.* p. 54.

† *Ibid.*

Clifton, was the daughter of — Neville of Rolleston, in Nottinghamshire; for he married secondly (1361) Agnes de Grey, by whom he had

10. Sir JOHN CLIFTON,* who, in 1403, served in parliament, with Sir Richard Stanhope, for Nottingham, and had their wages allowed for 65 days. He was that year slain at the battle of Shrewsbury, fighting on the king's side against the Percies; having (as Hollenshed tells us) received from the king that morning the order of knighthood, which, if true, must be the dignity of a banneret; for he was a knight before. He brought a great increase of estate into the family, by his wife Catharine, daughter of Sir John de Cressey of Hodsack, in the county of Nottingham, Knt. and sister and co-heir of Sir Hugh de Cressey, who died in the 9th year of the same king: the other sister and co-heir, Elizabeth, was the wife of Sir John Markham, the elder judge; between which families of Clifton and Markham, the inheritance of Cressey was divided. After her husband's death she married Ralph Makarell. He was succeeded by his son,

11. Sir GERVASE CLIFTON, as appears from a grave-stone in Clifton church, which has, in the north aisle, this inscription:

Hic jacet Isabella, filia Rob. Frauncis de Formarke militis, uxor Gervasil Clifton militis, filii dom. Johannis Clifton militis, cujus anima propitiatur Deus que obiit 13 Junii, 1457.

He died in 1454, and was succeeded by

12. Sir GERVASE CLIFTON, but whether son or brother to the last is not clear; for the records here are intricate. He was lieutenant to Humphrey duke of Gloucester, constable of Dover-Castle. In the 30th of Henry VI. the king granted to him the custody of all the temporals of the archbishoprick of Canterbury. In the same year he was also treasurer of the town of Calais, which office was given him (in recompence of his good service) May 24, in the 29th of that king, upon the resignation of Sir Richard Vernon, his predecessor in that office, he having delivered up his letters patent to be cancelled. He was twice sheriff of Kent; and once treasurer of the king's household; for there is a warrant in an uncertain year of that king, directed to the keeper of the privy seal, commanding him to direct his letters to the chamberlains of the exchequer, to pay to certain persons the sum of 460*l.* due to them while Sir Gervase Clifton stood treasurer of the household.

* "About this time (Dr. Thoroton says) there was a famous Sir Gervase Clifton of this family, who has been thought to be the son of this Sir John Clifton: but whether he was son, brother, or cousin, I cannot yet discover. He married Isabel, daughter of — Harbare, alias Finch, of Bradbourn in Kent, the widow of William Scot; and was several times in the reign of Henry VI. sheriff of Kent. He was (1445) lieutenant of Dover Castle, under Humphrey Duke of Gloucester. The king (1451) upon the resignation of Sir Richard Vernon, made him, for his good service, treasurer of Calais, and the marches of the same; and the next year following committed the temporalties of the archbishoprick of Canterbury unto his hands, upon the death of John the archbishop. He was a commander at several places in France. After Robert Lord Willoughby of Eresby, and Thomas Nevil, he was third husband to Maud, neice and co-heir of Ralph Lord Cromwell, by Maud, his sister, second wife of Richard Stanhope. In a pardon he had 9th Edw. IV. he was stiled Gervas Clifton, Knt. late of Bradbourn, alias of Eresby, in the county of Lincoln: but continuing his zeal to his old master's interest, he was (1470) dispatched at Tewkesbury, and (1471) among the rest, proclaimed rebel and traitor. He left issue by his first wife two daughters, Joan married to John Digges, and Isabell to John Jerningham. He bore the same arms with this family, as appears by his seal."

In 1465 he, with Maud his wife, daughter of Sir Richard Stanhope, relict of Robert Lord Willoughby of Eresby, and also of Sir Thomas Nevil, and niece and co-heir of Ralph Lord Cromwell, granted to Anthony Widevile Lord Scales, divers manors in the counties of Lincoln, Nottingham, Derby, and Warwick, which were lately the inheritance of Ralph Lord Cromwell: and the chronicles tell us, that Richard Duke of York, in 1440, made Sir Gervase Clifton captain of Pontoise near Paris (having been commander at several places in France) when the French king besieged, and took the town by assault, but lost above 3000 men before it: and that in 1471, the Monday after the battle at Tewksbury, Sir Gervase Clifton (who was then taken prisoner) was beheaded in the market-place there, together with Edmund Duke of Somerset, and others.

It is plain there was a Sir Gervase Clifton of Clifton, temp. Henry VI. and that Robert Clifton was his son and heir, who was high sheriff of Nottingham and Derby 29 and 38 Henry VI. and after, in 7 Edw. IV. Robert Clifton, Knt.* is mentioned then as late sheriff of Nottingham and Derby.† He had another son Robert Clifton, who was archdeacon of the East Riding in Yorkshire. Sir Robert began to found the College of the Holy Trinity at Clifton, but died in 1478, before he had accomplished his design, yet his son Sir Gervase religiously performed it.

13. GERVASE CLIFTON, his son and heir, was high sheriff of Nottingham and Derby 11 and 17 Edw. IV. 22 Edw. IV. that king ordains the said Gervase sheriff of the counties of Nottingham and Derby, and assigns him 100l. out of the Exchequer, for the better sustaining of his charge in that office. Anno 1. Richard III. he was made one of the knights of the bath at the coronation.

Sir John Beaumont (in his poem of Bosworth-Field) says, he was slain there, fighting on Richard's side, against the Earl of Richmond (after King Henry VII.) and that Biron, being his friend (but of the other party) procured the conqueror to restore his lands to his son. But it is plain he was not slain there, and probably did not serve there; or if he did, it was on the other side, repenting that he had adhered to the usurper; for not long after the beginning of King Henry the Seventh's reign, we find him not only entrusted, but rewarded by him, being in his third year made sheriff of the counties of Nottingham and Derby; and the same year having granted him the custody of the manors of Carleton in Lindrike, and Kinston in Carleton, being then in the king's hands, by reason of the minority of George Lord Fitz-

* Le Neve makes Sir Robert Clifton, Knt. to be son and heir of Sir Gervase, by Isabella, daughter of Sir Robert Frauncis, Knt. which is also agreeable to the pedigree in Thoroton's Nott. p. 53.

† To this Sir Robert Clifton, and Gervase Clifton, his son and heir, King Edward IV. in the 16th year of his reign, granted licence to found a college in the chapel of the Trinity, within the parish church of St. Mary of Clifton, to the honour of God and the blessed Virgin, *pro uno custode & duobus capellanis*, to celebrate divine service every day, for the good estate of the said king, and Elizabeth his queen, while they lived, and for their souls after their decease; and for the good estate of the said Sir Robert Clifton, and Gervase, &c. and for the soul of William Booth, late archbishop of York; and for the souls of dame Alice Clifton, late wife of the said Robert, and of Seth Worsley, Esq. &c. dated at Nottingham Castle, July 22. This Alice, wife of the said Sir Robert, was daughter of John Booth of Barton, in Lancashire, Esq. and sister of William, the archbishop, as appears by the following inscription upon her monument in Clifton church.

Hic jacet Dom. Alicia Clifton, filia Johannis Bothe, Armig. soror bonæ memoriæ Dom. Will. Bothe, quondam Ebor. Archiep. & uxor Dom. Rob. Clifton mil. Quæ obiit 9 die Septemb. Anno Dom. 1470, cujus, &c.

Hugh; and that he married first Alice, daughter of Thomas Nevil of Rolleston, Esq. relict of Richard Thurland: secondly, Agnes, daughter of Sir Robert Constable of Flamborough, in Yorkshire, Knt. relict of Sir Walter Griffith, Knt. and died in 1491, in the house of the Fryers Predicants in London, and was buried in Clifton church.

The inquisition, after his death, taken at Blithe, October 30, anno 7 Henry VII. says, that he died the 12th day of May last past (which was in the 6th year of that king) and Robert Clifton, clerk, was his son and heir, and above 30 years old at the death of his father. This Robert Clifton became a secular priest, and died unmarried; and gave his estate to his younger brother,

14. GERVASE CLIFTON, afterwards knighted; for he was made a knight of the bath by King Henry the VIIth. in the 10th year of his reign, at the time he created his second son, Henry Duke of York. He married first Agnes, daughter of Sir Walter Griffith above-mentioned; secondly, Joan, daughter of John Bussy, widow of Sir Nicholas Byron, Knt. by the last he had no issue. In the 17th of Henry VII. he was made sheriff of the counties of Nottingham and Derby: he died June 5, 23 Henry VII. It appears by the inquisition taken after his son's death, 1518, that Robert Clifton was his son and heir; and that he had a younger son, Hugh Clifton, and though not mentioned in the inquisition, he had another son, Gervase Clifton, who was of the Custom-house of the port of London, and was father of Sir Gervase Clifton, summoned to parliament as a baron of the realm, the 6th of James I. by the title of Lord Clifton of Leighton-Bromswold.

15. ROBERT, his eldest son, married first Alice, daughter of Simon Digby, Esq. lieutenant of the Tower of London, by whom he had no issue; and by his second wife he added the greatest lustre to his family; for he married Agnes, daughter to Henry Lord Clifford, and sister to Henry, the first earl of Cumberland, who through the lines of Clifford, Percy, and Mortimer, was lineally descended from Lionel Plantagenet, duke of Clarence, third son of King Edward III. She was married after his death to Robert Melford. This Robert died a young man, Sep. 3, 1518, and was succeeded by his son,

16. GERVASE CLIFTON, not then two years old. He was justice of the peace and quorum the greatest part of his life; and sheriff of Nottingham and Derby in the last year of Henry VIII. and again the first of the reign of Queen Mary; and after, of Nottingham alone, in 13 Q. Eliz. He had likewise several military employments; for he served under Henry VIII. at the siege of Bulloigne, and was knighted (says Hollinshed in his chronicles) at Musclevburgh, by the duke of Somerset, in the reign of Edw. VI. It is likely he was there, but it is manifest he was knighted in the days of Henry VIII. In 1560 he served at the siege of Leith in Scotland, under the Lord Grey; and upon notice of the peace concluded, Sir Gervase Clifton was sent into the trenches, on the west side of Leith, to command the soldiers to forbear hostility; and the next day (June 7) he was sent into the town, with Sir Francis Leke, to cause the peace to be proclaimed, where he was feasted by Mons. Doysel, the governor.

He was a person of great authority both in peace and war, yet notwithstanding this martial inclination; he was a gentleman of so courteous and affable a disposi-

tion, that he was usually stiled Sir Gervase the gentle, which character, Queen Elizabeth gave him (if this distich was her's, which tradition affirms) of four of her Nottinghamshire knights:—

Gervase the gentle, Stanhop the stout,
Marcham the lion, and Sutton the lout.

He was twice married, first to Mary, daughter of Sir John Nevil of Cheet, in Yorkshire, Knt. by whom he had five children, viz. Elizabeth, the first wife of Sir Peter Frecheville of Staveley, in Derbyshire, Knt. Frances, Robert, Gervase, and Anthony, which four last died young unmarried. The second wife of Sir Gervase was Winifred, daughter and heir of William Thwaites of Owlton, in Suffolk, Esq. relict of Sir George Pierpont of Holme, Knt. by whom he had

17. GEORGE, his son and heir,* who married Winifred, daughter of Sir Anthony Thorold of Marston, in Lincolnshire, Knt. (by Anne, his wife, daughter and co-heir of Sir John Constable of Kinalton, Knt.) and died during the life of his father, Aug. 1, 1587, leaving his wife with child of Sir Gervase Clifton, Bart. being, at the time of his death, but 20 years and 7 months old. His lady surviving him, married first Henry Kervile of Wigenhale, in Norfolk, Esq. and secondly, Sir Edward Gawsell of Watlington, in Norfolk, Knt.

Sir Gervase Clifton, his father, died in the same year, 1587, on the 20th of Jan. and lies buried under a stately monument in Clifton church; and was succeeded by his grandson,

I. Sir GERVASE CLIFTON, but four months old. He was made knight of the bath at the coronation of King James I. and afterwards advanced to the dignity of baronet. He served in eight parliaments, he was knight of the shire, temp. James I. and Charles II. and served for Retford, temp. Charles I. and was commissioner at Oxford and Newark, for King Charles I. and for one thing he was more remarkable (having in that gone beyond any of our nation as yet heard of) he had six wives, and married a seventh when he was near 70 years old. His first lady was Penelope, daughter of Robert Rich, earl of Warwick; she died October 26, 1613, aged 23. He had by her Sir Gervase, his eldest son and successor. By his second, lady Frances, daughter of Francis Clifford, earl of Cumberland, he had issue Sir Clifford Clifton, and four daughters: Margaret, married first to Sir John South of Kelstern, in Lincolnshire, Knt. secondly, to William Whichcote of Dunston, in Lincolnshire, Esq. thirdly, to Robert, lord Hunsdon. Frances was wife, first of Richard Tempest of Bracewell, in Yorkshire, Esq. and secondly to Anthony Eyre of Rampton, in Nottinghamshire, Esq. Anne, to Sir Francis Rodes of Barbro, in Derbyshire, Bart. and Lettice, to Clifton Rodes, Esq. brother to Sir Francis: this lady died Nov. 22, 1627, aged 33 years. The third was Mary, daughter of John Egiock of Egiock, in Worcestershire, Esq. widow of Sir Francis Leke of Sutton, in Derbyshire, Knt. by her he had no issue: she died January 19, 1630. His fourth lady was Isabel, daughter of — Meek of Wolverhampton, Esq. relict of John Hodges, Esq. alderman of London: she died also without issue, and was buried at

* The descent from this George, to Sir Clifford Clifton, Knt. was from a pedigree in the hand-writing of Sir William Dugdale, and was in the possession of T. Wotton.

Clifton (as were also his two first ladies) July 10, 1637. The fifth was Anne, daughter of Sir Francis South of Kelsterne, in Lincolnshire, Knt. buried at Clifton (having no issue) June 1, 1639. The sixth was Jane, daughter of Anthony Eyre of Rampton, Esq. (by whom he was father of Robert Clifton, who married Sarah, daughter of Nathaniel Parkhurst of Woodford, in Essex, Esq. by whom he had Sir Gervase Clifton hereafter-mentioned, and Robert Clifton of Carleton, Esq. who married — daughter of — Packe, and died 1715; by whom he had Robert Clifton of Walthamstow, in Essex, who married Anne, daughter of — Marshall, and widow of John Rowe of Essex, by whom he had James, Anne, and Catharine, the wife of Charles Packe of Prestwold, in Leicestershire; James was surgeon of marines at Chatham, and married Sarah, daughter of William Martin of Chatham, who died March 26, 1793: he died March 24, 1796, leaving one son Charles James Clifton, captain in the 20th regiment of light dragoons, and Frances. Charles, who died unmarried; Jane, wife of Christopher Pack of Coates, in Leicestershire, Esq. Elizabeth and Mary, who died young) she died at London, and was buried at Clifton March 17, 1655. The seventh wife of Sir Gervase was Alice, daughter of Henry earl of Huntingdon, by whom he had no issue: she survived her husband, but died the same year, and was buried in St. Giles's church, London (1666) as was his third lady. He* was succeeded in the dignity and estate by his eldest son by his first lady,

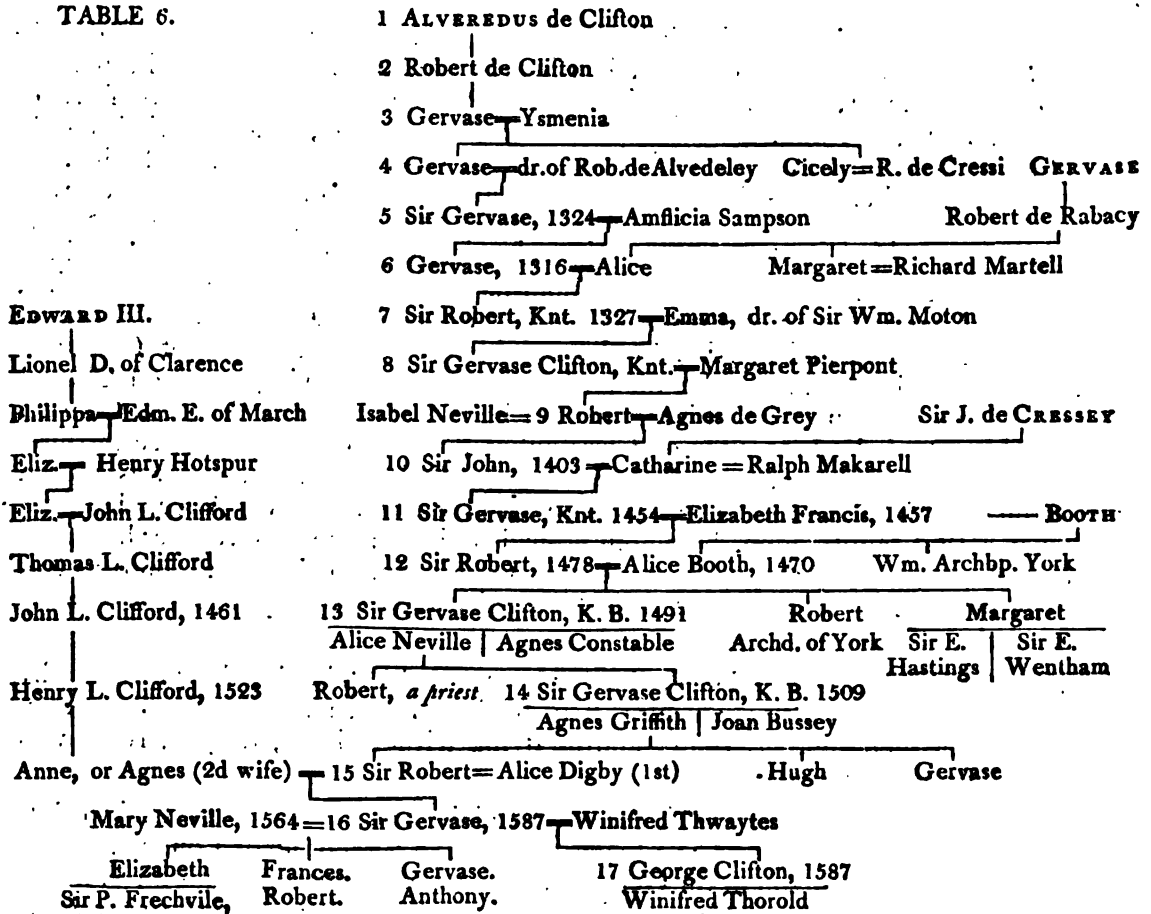
II. Sir GERVASE CLIFTON, Bart. who married Sarah, daughter of Timothy Pusey of Selston, in Nottinghamshire, Esq. of the ancient family of the Puseys in Berkshire: she died Jan. 22, 1652; and he dying without issue, Jan. 14, 1675, was succeeded by his nephew,

III. Sir WILLIAM CLIFTON, Bt. only surviving son of Sir Clifford Clifton, Kt. and Frances his wife, daughter of Sir Heneage Finch, Kt. recorder of London; which Sir Clifford was the only son of Sir Gervase by his second marriage: this Sir William died unmarried, leaving two sisters, his co-heirs; Catharine married to Sir John

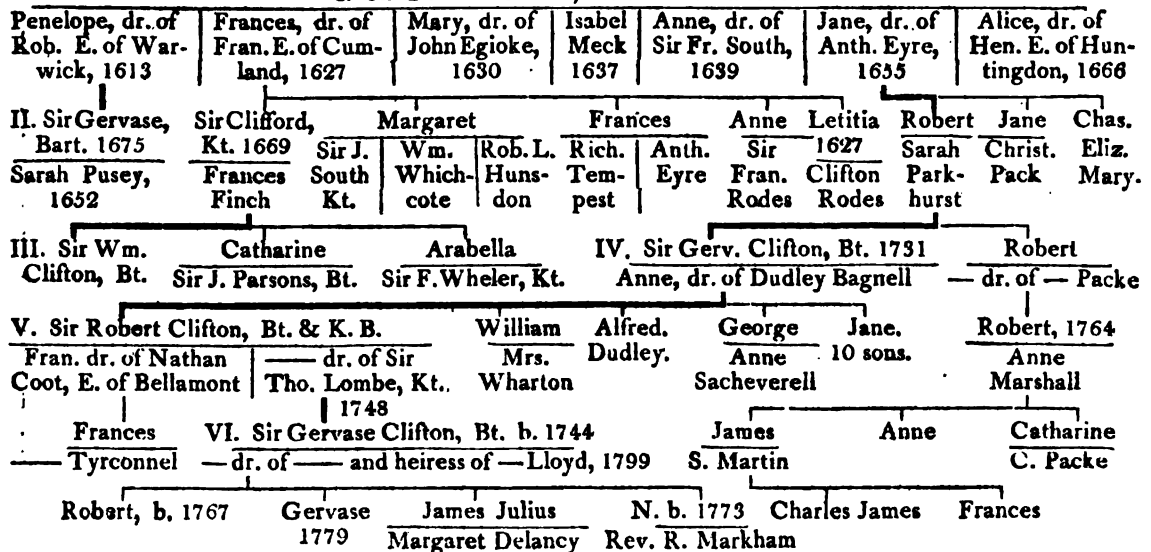
* Dr. Inoroton, in his Antiquities of Nottinghamshire, says, "This Sir Gervase was of a sound body, and a cheerful and facetious spirit; yet in his latter time timorous, so that his last part was miracle enough to convert an atheist, to see his christianity so far prevail over his nature, that without the least shadow of fear, unwearied with grief or sickness, he left the choicest things of this world with as great pleasure as others enjoy them. He received from me the certain notice of his near approaching death, as he was wont to do an invitation of good friends to his own bowling-green (one of the most pleasant imaginable) and thereupon immediately called for his old chaplain, Mr. Robert Thirleby, to do the office of his confessor, as if it had been to attend him to that recreation he often used and loved; and when he had done with him, for his children, whom, patriarch like, he particularly blessed and admonished, with the smartness and ingenuity of an excellent and well-studied orator. The day following he received visits from divers friends, sitting in the old dining-room near his bed-chamber, who were not so sensible of his danger, because he entertained them after his usual manner: yet, that night (as I easily foretold him) his sleepiness began, which could never be taken away, by reason that both his ureters were so petrified (as things are by the dropping-well, near Knaresburgh in Yorkshire) that no urine could descend into his bladder, as at the opening of his body did manifestly appear; as also, that one of his kidneys had, of long time before been totally stopped with a wonderful great stone, as is reported of the pious and learned Dr. Hammond, whose hair was also red, like that of this worthy Sir Gervase, who died June 28, 1666, and was buried Aug. 2 following, with great solemnity; Mr. Dugdale Norroy, Mr. Ashmole Windsor, and Mr. Ryley Lancaster, heralds; the choir of Southwell, and many mourners attending his funeral."

CLIFTON OF CLIFTON, NOTTINGHAMSHIRE.

TABLE 6.



I. Sir Gervase Clifton, K. B. & Bart. 1666



Parsons, Bart. (mother of Sir William) and Arabella, married to Sir Francis Wheeler, Knt. one of the admirals under King William, who was unfortunately cast away near Cadiz. He was succeeded in title and estate by his cousin,

IV. Sir GERVASE CLIFTON, Bart. eldest son of Robert Clifton, Esq. son of Sir Gervase, by Jane his sixth wife; which Sir Gervase married Anne, daughter of Dudley Bagnell of Newry, in Ireland, Esq. (which family is now the only remaining branch of those two famous brothers, Sir Samuel and Sir Henry Bagnall, who were sent into Ireland by Queen Elizabeth, the first with the title of Marshal of that kingdom, and the latter distinguished himself very eminently at the taking of Cadiz, where he received eight wounds, and covered with blood, was then knighted) by whom he had fifteen sons and one daughter; ten of the sons died unmarried; the others were, 1, Sir Robert, his successor; 2, William, who married Mrs. Wharton, by whom he had no issue; 3, Alfred, first an officer in the French service, after in the Russian; 4, Dudley, who embraced a religious life; 5, George, who married Anne, only daughter and heir of Robert Sacheverell of Barton, in Nottinghamshire, Esq. by whom he has two daughters: Jane, only daughter of Sir Gervase, was a nun of the order of St. Clare, at Graveline. Sir Gervase died in March 1730-1, and his lady surviving him, married William Blackburne of High Ongar, in Essex, Esq. She died in 1734.

V. Sir ROBERT CLIFTON, his eldest son, succeeded his father in title and estate, and married lady Frances, daughter of the right honourable Nanfan Coote, earl of Bellamont, of the kingdom of Ireland (by lady Frances his wife, youngest daughter of the right honourable Henry de Nassau, earl of Grantham): she died, leaving him only one daughter, Frances. He had the honour, in the year 1725, to be made one of the knights of the honourable order of the bath; and was elected in several parliaments, one of the representatives for East Retford, in Nottinghamshire. He married secondly, in June 1740, ———, eldest daughter and co-heir of the late Sir Thomas Lombe, Knt. alderman of London, who died in 1748, by whom he had issue, and was succeeded by

VI. Sir GERVASE CLIFTON, Bart. who married ———, daughter and heiress of the ancient family of the Lloyds in Pembrokeshire, who died of a putrid fever, caught by constantly attending two of her sons in that disorder; the second of whom, Gervase, died Aug. 9; she in Sep. 1779: by which lady he has two sons and one daughter, who in 1797 was married to the Rev. Robert Markham, arch-deacon of York. His second son, James Julius, in 1794, married Margaret, daughter of James Delancy, Esq. of Bath.

ARMS—Sable, seme of cinquefoils, and a lion rampant, argent.

CREST—Out of a ducal coronet a demi peacock, *per pale*, argent and sable, his wings expanded, counter changed.

MOTTO—*Tenez le droit.*

SEAT—At Clifton, near Nottingham.